

Do all problems and show all of your work for partial credits.

1. Given the parametrized curve (helix)

$$\alpha(s) = \left(3 \cos\left(\frac{s}{5}\right), 3 \sin\left(\frac{s}{5}\right), \frac{4s}{5}\right), \quad s \in \mathbb{R},$$

- (1) Show that the parameter  $s$  is the arc length. (10%)
- (2) Determine the curvature and the torsion of  $\alpha$ . (10%)
- (3) Show that the tangent lines to  $\alpha$  make a constant angle with the  $z$  axis. (10%)

2. Consider a regular surface  $S$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Let  $f : S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be given by  $f(p) = |p - p_0|^2$ , where  $p \in S$  and  $p_0$  is a fixed point of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Show that  $df_p(w) = 2w \cdot (p - p_0)$ ,  $w \in T_p(S)$ . (10%)

3. Show that if all normals to a connected surface pass through a fixed point, the surface is contained in a sphere. (10%)

4. Consider the parametrized surface (Enneper's surface)

$$x(u, v) = \left(u - \frac{u^3}{3} + uv^2, v - \frac{v^3}{3} + vu^2, u^2 - v^2\right)$$

and show that

(1) The coefficients of the first fundamental form are

$$E = G = (1 + u^2 + v^2)^2, \quad F = 0. (10\%)$$

(2) The coefficients of the second fundamental form are

$$e = 2, \quad g = -2, \quad f = 0. (10\%)$$

(3) The principal curvatures are

$$k_1 = \frac{2}{(1 + u^2 + v^2)^2}, \quad k_2 = -\frac{2}{(1 + u^2 + v^2)^2}. (10\%)$$

5. Compute the Christoffel symbols for a surface of revolution parametrized by

$$x(u, v) = (v^2 \cos(u), v^2 \sin(u), (v + 1)^2), \quad v > 0. (20\%)$$