

## ADVANCED CALCULUS

INSTRUCTION. This exam contains 5 problems with total 100 points. Each problem is worth 20 points. To earn partial credits, show your work in detail.

1. Consider the sequence  $\{a_n\}$ , where  $a_1 = 1$  and

$$a_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + a_n},$$

for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

- (a) (5pts) Is  $\{a_n\}$  monotone?  
(b) (10pts) Use the contraction principle to show that  $\{a_n\}$  converges.  
(c) (5pts) Verify that  $\{a_n\}$  converges to  $\sqrt{2}$ .

2. Show that

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \cdots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

by obtaining a series expansion for  $\tan^{-1} x$  and using Abel's theorem.

3. Is the function  $\sqrt{x}$  uniformly continuous on  $[0, \infty)$ ? Justify your claim.  
4. Let  $f = (f_1, f_2, f_3)$  be the vector-valued function defined in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  for which  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \neq -1$  as follows:

$$f_k(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \frac{x_k}{1 + x_1 + x_2 + x_3} \quad (k = 1, 2, 3).$$

- (a) (8pts) Find  $J_f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$ .  
(b) (12pts) Show that  $f$  is one-to-one and compute  $f^{-1}$  explicitly.  
5. Does the sequence of functions

$$f_n(x) : [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \mapsto x^n e^{-nx}$$

converge uniformly? Justify your claim.