

1. (8%) A box contains 5 red and 5 black marbles. Two marbles are withdrawn randomly. If they are the same color, then you win \$1.2; if they are different colors, then you win \$ - 1.00 (that is, you lose \$1.00). Calculate the variance of the amount you win.
2. (8%) Suppose that X_1, \dots, X_n are independently, identically distributed random variables with probability mass function

$$f(x|\theta, p) = (1 - p)p^{x-\theta}$$

where $x = \theta, \theta + 1, \theta + 2, \dots$, and θ and p are unknown parameters. Find minimal sufficient statistics for (θ, p) .

3. (10%) Let X_n have a chi-square distribution with n degrees of freedom. Show that the limiting distribution of $\sqrt{n}(\frac{X_n}{n} - 1)$ is $N(0, 2)$.
4. (24%) Consider X and Y have a trinomial distribution with joint pmf

$$p(x, y) = \frac{n!}{x!y!(n-x-y)!} p_1^x p_2^y p_3^{n-x-y},$$

where x and y are nonnegative integers with $x + y \leq n$; $p_1, p_2, p_3 \in (0, 1)$ and $p_1 + p_2 + p_3 = 1$; and let $p(x, y) = 0$ elsewhere.

- (a) (6%) Find the moment generating function of a trinomial distribution.
- (b) (6%) Are X and Y independent?
- (c) (6%) Compute $E(X|y)$.
- (d) (6%) Calculate the correlation coefficient of X and Y .

5. (14%) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be iid with pdf

$$f(x|\theta) = \begin{cases} \theta x^{\theta-1} & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 < \theta < \infty, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

- (a) (4%) Find the maximum likelihood estimator (MLE) of θ .
- (b) (10%) Find the variance of MLE of θ .
6. (20%) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be iid from $U[0, \theta]$, $\theta > 0$.
- (a) (6%) Find the uniformly minimum variance unbiased estimate (UMVUE) of θ .
- (b) (7%) When $n = 5$, we reject $H_0 : \theta = 1$ and accept $H_a : \theta \neq 1$ if either $\max(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_5) \leq \frac{1}{2}$ or $\max(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_5) > 1$. Find the power function of the test, $0 < \theta$.
- (c) (7%) When $\theta = 1$, does $X_{(n)} = \max(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$ converge to 1 in probability? Show the details.

7. (16%) X is said to have a Maxwell distribution if its density function is given by:

$$f(x|\theta) = (2/\pi)^{1/2} \theta^{3/2} x^2 \exp(-x^2 \theta / 2), \quad x > 0.$$

Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be iid random samples from a Maxwell distribution with parameter θ . You can use the fact that $U = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$ is a complete sufficient statistic for this family.

- (a) (6%) Show that θU has a $\chi^2(3n)$ distribution.
- (b) (10%) Show that the uniformly most powerful (UMP) test with size α for $H_0 : \theta = c$ vs $H_a : \theta > c$; rejects when $W < k$, where $W = cU$. What is k ?